Course	Course	Credit	Credit Points	Hrs./w k	Marks
Code		Hours			
	Semester I				1
17MPA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical	4	4	4	100
	Analytical Techniques				
17MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical	4	4	4	100
	Analysis				
17MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation	4	4	4	100
17MPA104T	Food Analysis	4	4	4	100
17MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis	12	6	12	150
	Practical I				
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
	Semester II				
17MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental	4	4	4	100
	Analysis				
17MPA202T	Modern Bio-Analytical	4	4	4	100
	Techniques				
17MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality	4	4	4	100
	Assurance				
17MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic	4	4	4	100
	Analysis				
17MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis	12	6	12	150
	Practical II				
	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

17MRM 301T	Research Methodology and	4	4					
	Biostatistics*							
-	Journal club	1	1					
-	Discussion / Presentation	2	2					
	(Proposal Presentation)							
-	Research Work	28	14					
	Total	35	21					
Semester IV								
-	Journal Club	1	1					
-	Research Work	31	16					
-	Discussion/Final Presentation	3	3					
	Total	35	20					

<sup>\*</sup>Non University Examination (NUE)

# Syllabus Master of Pharmacy Pharmaceutical Analysis

# **SEMESTER I**

### 17MPA 101T

# MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

# **Course Objectives:**

After completion of course student is able to know about chemicals and excipients

- 1. The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms
- 2. Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

UNIT I 10 HRS

UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, factors affecting vibrational frequencies and applications of IR spectroscopy, choice of solvents and solvent effect and applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy.

Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectroscopy.

Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

UNIT II 10 HRS

NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.

UNIT III 10 HRS

Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization techniques like electron impact, chemical, field desorption, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers and detectors. Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy

# **UNIT IV**

Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors

affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography.

**10 HRS** 

UNIT V 10 HRS

Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg,,s law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.

UNIT VI 10 HRS

Potentiometry: Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications. Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 2 Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
- 4 Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 5. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
- 6 Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis Modern Methods Part B J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. Dekker

# Series

- 8 Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
- 9 Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.

### 17MPA102T

# ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

# **Course Objective:**

- 1. After completion of the course students shall able to know, appropriate analytical skills required for the analytical method development.
- 2. Principles of various reagents used in functional group analysis that renders necessary support in research methodology and demonstrates its application in the practical related problems
- 3. Analysis of impurities in drugs, residual solvents and stability studies of drugs and biological products

UNIT I 10 HRS

Definition, classification of impurities in drug Substance or Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and quantification of impurities as per ICH guidelines

Impurities in new drug products:

Rationale for the reporting and control of degradation products, reporting degradation products content of batches, listing of degradation products in specifications, qualification of degradation products

Impurities in residual solvents:

General principles, classification of residual solvents, Analytical procedures, limits of residual solvents, reporting levels of residual solvents

UNIT II 10 HRS

Elemental impurities

Element classification, control of elemental impurities, Potential Sources of elemental Impurities, Identification of Potential Elemental Impurities, analytical procedures, instrumentation & C, H, N and S analysis

Stability testing protocols:

Selection of batches, container orientation, test parameters, sampling frequency, specification, storage conditions, recording of results, concept of stability, commitment etc. Important mechanistic and stability related information provided by results of study of factors like temperature, pH, buffering species ionic strength and dielectric constant etc. on the reaction rates.

With practical considerations

UNIT III 10 HRS

Impurity profiling and degradent characterization

Method development, Stability studies and concepts of validation accelerated stability testing & shelf life calculation, WHO and ICH stability testing guidelines, Stability zones, steps in development, practical considerations. Basics of impurity profiling and degradent characterization with special emphasis. Photostability testing guidelines, ICH stability guidelines for biological products

UNIT IV 10 HRS

Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals:

Regulatory requirements, protocols, HPTLC/HPLC finger printing, interactions and complexity.

UNIT V 10 HRS

Biological tests and assays of the following

- a. Adsorbed Tetanus vaccine b. Adsorbed Diphtheria vaccine c. Human anti haemophilic vaccine,
- d. Rabies vaccine, e. Tetanus Anti toxin f. Tetanus Anti serum g. Oxytocin h. Heparin sodium IP i. Antivenom. PCR, PCR studies for gene regulation, instrumentation (Principle and Procedures

UNIT VI 10 HRS

Immunoassays (IA)

Basic principles, Production of antibodies, Separation of bound and unbound drug, Radioimmunoassay, Optical IA, Enzyme IA, Fluoro IA, Luminiscence IA, Quantification and applications of IA.

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis Jeffery J Bassett, J. Mendham, R. C.
   Denney, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, ELBS, 1991.
- 2 Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th Edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 3 Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis K A Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons,

1982.

- 4 Vogel,,s textbook of quantitative chemical analysis Jeffery J Bassett, J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, ELBS, 1991.
- 5 Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th Edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 6 Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis K A Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.
- 7. The Quantitative analysis of Drugs D C Carratt, 3rd edition, CBS Publishers, NewDelhi, 1964.
- Indian Pharmacopoeia Vol I, II & III 2007, 2010, 2014.
- Methods of sampling and microbiological examination of water, first revision, BIS
- Practical HPLC method development Snyder, Kirkland, Glajch, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons.
- 11. Analytical Profiles of drug substances Klaus Florey, Volume 1 20, Elsevier, 2005
- Analytical Profiles of drug substances and Excipients Harry G Brittan, Volume 21 30, Elsevier, 2005.
- B The analysis of drugs in biological fluids Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd edition, CRC press, London
- 14 ICH Guidelines for impurity profiles and stability studies.

# 17MPA 103T

### PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION

# **Course Objectives**

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to

- 1. Explain the aspect of validation
- 2. Carryout validation of manufacturing processes
- 3. Apply the knowledge of validation to instruments and equipments
- 4. Validate the manufacturing facilities

UNIT I 12 HRS

Introduction to validation: Definition of Qualification and Validation, Advantages of Validation, scope of Validation, Organization for Validation, Validation Master plan, Types of Validation, Streamlining of qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan. Qualification: User requirement specification, Design qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation qualification, Operational qualification, Performance qualification, Re-Qualification (Maintaining status- Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management). Qualification of Manufacturing Equipments, Qualification of Analytical Instruments and Laboratory equipments

UNIT II 12 HRS

Qualification of analytical instruments: Electronic balance, pH meter, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC Qualification of Glassware: Volumetric flask, pipette, Measuring cylinder, beakers and burette.

UNIT III 12 HRS

Validation of Utility systems: Pharmaceutical Water System & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen.

Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Validation - Cleaning Method development, Validation and validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP).

UNIT IV 12 HRS

Analytical method validation: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP. Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital significance-21 CFR part 11 and GAMP.

UNIT V 12 HRS

General Principles of Intellectual Property: Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property –patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications-provisional and non-provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics-positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices.

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- 1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
- 2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
- 3. Validation Master plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
- 4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
- 5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Upl, Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
- 6. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
- 7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
- 8. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and

James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2nd Ed.

9. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Inter Science.

# 17MPA104T

# **FOOD ANALYSIS**

# **Course Objectives**

At completion of this course student shall be able to understand various analytical techniques in the determination of

- 1. Food constituents
- 2. Food additives
- 3. Finished food products
- 4. Pesticides in food
- 5. Student shall have the knowledge on food regulations and legislations

UNIT I 12 HRS

Carbohydrates: classification and properties of food carbohydrates, General methods of analysis of food carbohydrates, Changes in food carbohydrates during processing, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates, Dietary fibre, Crude fibre and application of food carbohydrates

Proteins: Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, Physico-Chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of proteins.

UNIT II 12 HRS

Lipids: Classification, general methods of analysis, refining of fats and oils; hydrogenation of vegetable oils, Determination of adulteration in fats and oils, Various methods used for measurement of spoilage of fats and fatty foods.

Vitamins: classification of vitamins, methods of analysis of vitamins, Principles of microbial assay of vitamins of B-series.

UNIT III 12 HRS

Food additives: Introduction, analysis of Preservatives, antioxidants, artificial sweeteners, flavors, flavor enhancers, stabilizers, thickening and jelling agents.

Pigments and synthetic dyes: Natural pigments, theiroccurrence and characteristic properties, permitted synthetic dyes, Non-permitted synthetic dyes used by industries, Method of detection of natural, permitted and non-permitted dyes

UNIT IV 12 HRS

General Analytical methods for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk. Analysis of fermentation products like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar.

UNIT V 12 HRS

Pesticide analysis: Effects of pest and insects on various food, use of pesticides in agriculture, pesticide cycle, organophosphorus and organochlorine pesticides analysis, determination of pesticide residues in grain, fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products. Legislation regulations of food products with special emphasis On BIS, Agmark, FDA and US-FDA

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- The chemical analysis of foods David Pearson, Seventh edition, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 1976
- 2 Introduction to the Chemical analysis of foods S. Nielsen, Jones & Bartlett publishers, Boston London, 1994.
- 3. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, sixth edition, Volume I & II, 1997.
- 4. Analysis of Food constituents Multon, Wiley VCH.
- 5. Dr. William Horwitz, Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, 18th edition, 2005.

# 17MPA105P

# PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICALS - I

- 1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
- 2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
- 3. Experiments based on HPLC
- 4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
- 5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
- 6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
- 7. Assay of official compounds by different titrations
- 8. Assay of official compounds by instrumental techniques.
- 9. Quantitative determination of hydroxyl group.
- 10. Quantitative determination of amino group
- 11. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents
- 12. Imupurity profiling of drugs
- 13. Calibration of glasswares
- 14. Calibration of pH meter
- 15. Calibration of UV-Visible spectrophotometer
- 16. Calibration of FTIR spectrophotometer
- 17. Calibration of GC instrument
- 18. Calibration of HPLC instrument
- 19. Cleaning validation of any one equipment
- 20. Determination of total reducing sugar
- 21. Determination of proteins
- 22. Determination of saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value in food products
- 23. Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products
- 24. Analysis of natural and synthetic colors in food

- 25. Determination of preservatives in food
- 26. Determination of pesticide residue in food products
- 27. Analysis of vitamin content in food products
- 28. Determination of density and specific gravity of foodsdermination of food additives

# 17MPA201

# ADVANCED INSTRUMENTALANALYSIS

# **Course Objectives:**

After completion of course student is able to know,

- 1. Interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds
- 2. Theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments
- 3. Identification of organic compounds

UNIT I 12 HRS

HPLC: Principle, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications, peak shapes, capacity factor, selectivity, plate number, plate height, resolution, band broadening, pumps, injector, detectors, columns, column problems, gradient HPLC, HPLC solvents, trouble shooting, sample preparation, method development, New developments in HPLC-role and principles of ultra, nano liquid chromatography in pharmaceutical analysis. Immobilized polysaccharide CSP"s: Advancement in enantiomeric separations, revised phase Chiral method development and HILIC approaches. HPLC in Chiral analysis of pharmaceuticals. Preparative HPLC, practical aspects of preparative HPLC.

UNIT II 12 HRS

Biochromatography: Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles, stationary phases and mobile phases. Gas chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, derivatization, head space sampling, columns for GC, detectors, quantification. High performance Thin Layer chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.

UNIT III 12 HRS

Super critical fluid chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications. Capillary electrophoresis: Overview of CE in pharmaceutical analysis, basic configuration, CE characteristics, principles of CE, methods and modes of CE. General considerations and method development in CE, Crown ethers as buffer additives in capillary electrophoresis. CE-MS hyphenation

UNIT IV 12 HRS

Mass spectrometry: Principle, theory, instrumentation of mass spectrometry, different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALD, APCI, ESI, APPI mass fragmentation and its rules, meta stable ions, isotopic peaks and applications of mass spectrometry. LC-MS hyphenation and DART MS analysis. Mass analysers (Quadrpole, Time of flight, FT-ICR, ion trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF- TOF;Q-IT, Q-TOF, LTQ-FT, LTQ-Orbitrap.

UNIT V 12 HRS

NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR with reference to 13CNMR: Spin spin and spin lattice relaxation phenomenon. 13C NMR, 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques, Interpretation and Applications of NMR spectroscopy. LC-NMR hyphenations

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- 1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 2 Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3 Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
- 4 Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, ELBS, 1991.
- 5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC P D Sethi, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 6 Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series. Organic Spectroscopy by Donald L. Paviya, 5th Edition

# 17MPA202T

# MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

# **Course Objectives:**

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand

- 1. Extraction of drugs from biological samples
- 2. Separation of drugs from biological samples using different techniques
- 3. Guidelines for BA/BE studies.

UNIT I 12 HRS

Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices: General need, principle and procedure involved in the Bioanalytical methods such as Protein precipitation, Liquid - Liquid extraction and Solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach. Bioanalytical method validation: USFDA and EMEA guidelines

UNIT II 12 HRS

Biopharmaceutical Consideration: Introduction, Biopharmaceutical Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing Transport models, Biopharmaceutics Classification System. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods.

UNIT III 12 HRS

Pharmacokinetics and Toxicokinetics: Basic consideration, Drug interaction (PK-PD interactions), The effect of protein-binding interactions, The effect of tissue-binding interactions, Cytochrome P450-based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters. Microsomal assays Toxicokinetics-Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. LC-MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics

UNIT IV 12 HRS

Cell culture techniques Basic equipment"s used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation,

characterization of cells and their applications. Principles and applications of cell viability assays (MTT assays), Principles and applications of flow cytometry.

UNIT V 12 HRS

Metabolite identification: In-vitro / in-vivo approaches, protocols and sample preparation. Microsomal approaches (Rat liver microsomes (RLM) and Human liver microsomes (HLM) in Met –ID. Regulatory perspectives. In-vitro assay of drug metabolites & drug metabolizing enzymes Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability. Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products), Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies.

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- Analysis of drugs in Biological fluids Joseph Chamberlain, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. CRC Press, NewYork. 1995.
- 2 Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3 Pharmaceutical Analysis Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Wiley Interscience Publications, 1961.
- 4 Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series
- Practical HPLC method Development Snyder, Kirkland, Glaich, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, John Wiley
   Sons, New Jersey. USA.
- 6 Chromatographic Analysis of Pharmaceuticals John A Adamovics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Marcel Dekker, Newyork, USA. 1997.
- Chromatographic methods in clinical chemistry & Toxicology Roger L Bertholf, Ruth E Winecker, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA. 2007.
- Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel
   Dekker Series, 1995.
- 9. Good laboratory Practice Regulations Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.ICH, USFDA & CD.

### 17MPA 203T

# QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

# **Course Objectives:**

At the completion of this subject it is expected that the student shall be able to know

- 1. The cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry
- 2. To appreciate the importance of documentation
- 3. To understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments
- 4. To understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries

UNIT I 12 HRS

Concept and Evolution of Quality Control and Quality Assurance

Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines - QSEM, with special emphasis on Q-series guidelines.

Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non-clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation

UNIT II 12 HRS

cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention(PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice. CPCSEA guidelines

UNIT III 12 HRS

Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3)

Purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. In process quality control and finished products quality control for following formulation in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals,

ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias), Quality control test for containers, closures and secondary packing materials.

UNIT IV 12 HRS

Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles- How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Formula Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. Distribution records. Electronic data analysis. Mass analysers (Quadrpole, Time of flight, FT-ICR, ion trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF-TOF;Q-IT,Q-TOF, LTQ-FT, LTQ-Orbitrap.

UNIT V 12 HRS

Manufacturing operations and controls: Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging

# **TOTAL: 60 HRS**

- 1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revised edition, Volume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
- 2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
- 3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compendium of Guide lines and Related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Publications, 1999.
- 4. How to Practice GMP"s P P Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.
- 5. The International Pharmacopoeia vol I, II, III, IV & V General Methodsof Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rd edition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
- 6. Good laboratory Practice Regulations Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, MarcelDekker Series, 1989.
- 7. ICH guidelines

- 8. ISO 9000 and total quality management
- 9. The drugs and cosmetics act 1940 Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, 4th edition, Susmit Publishers, 2006.
- 10. QA Manual D.H. Shah, 1st edition, Business Horizons, 2000.
- 11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control SidneyH. Willig, Vol. 52, 3rd edition, Marcel Dekker Series.
- 12. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
- 13. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley& Sons; 2008.

### 17MPA 204T

# HERBAL AND COSMETIC ANALYSIS

# **Course Objectives:**

At completion of this course student shall be able to understand

- 1. Determination of herbal remedies and regulations
- 2. Analysis of natural products and monographs
- 3. Determination of Herbal drug-drug interaction
- 4. Principles of performance evaluation of cosmetic products

UNIT I 12 HRS

Herbal remedies- Toxicity and Regulations: Herbals vs Conventional drugs, Efficacy of herbal medicine products, Validation of Herbal Therapies, Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetic issues. Herbal drug standardization: WHO and AYUSH guidelines

UNIT II 12 HRS

Adulteration and Deterioration: Introduction, types of adulteration/substitution of herbal drugs, Causes and Measure of adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, DNA Finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, heavy metals, pesticide residues, phototoxin and microbial contamination in herbal formulations

UNIT III 12 HRS

Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry: Global marketing management, Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products and its protocol.

Testing of natural products and drugs: Effect of herbal medicine on clinical laboratory testing, Adulterant Screening using modern analytical instruments, Regulation and dispensing of herbal drugs, Stability testing of natural products, protocol.

Monographs of Herbal drugs: Study of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic

Pharmacopoeia, American herbal Pharmacopoeia, British herbal Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs UNIT IV 12 HRS

Herbal drug-drug interaction: WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine, Spontaneous reporting schemes for bio drug adverse reactions, bio drug-drug and bio drug-food interactions with suitable examples. Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines.

UNIT V 12 HRS

Evaluation of cosmetic products: Determination of acid value, ester value, saponification value, iodine value, peroxide value, rancidity, moisture, ash, volatile matter, heavy metals, fineness of powder, density, viscosity of cosmetic raw materials and finished products. Study of quality of raw materials and general methods of analysis of raw material used in cosmetic manufacture as per BIS. Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished forms such as baby care products, skin care products, dental products, personal hygiene preparations, lips sticks. Hair products and skin creams by the Bureau Indian Standards.

### TOTAL: 60 HRS

- 1. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
- 2. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
- 3. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant, WHO, Geneva
- 4. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology by As Ashutosh Kar
- 5. Cosmetics Formulation, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P. Sharma, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi
- 6. Indian Standard specification, for raw materials, BIS, New Delhi.
- 7. Indian Standard specification for 28 finished cosmetics BIS, New Delhi
- 8. Harry"s Cosmeticology 8th edition
- 9. Suppliers catalogue on specialized cosmetic excipients
- 10. Wilkinson, Moore, seventh edition, George Godwin. Poucher"s Perfumes, Cosmetics and Soaps
- 11. Hilda Butler, 10th Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers. Handbook of Cosmetic Science and Technology, 3rd Edition

### 17MPA205P

# PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICALS - II

# List of Experiments;

- 1. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward Fiesure rule
- 2. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR
- 3. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
- 4. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
- 5. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
- 6. Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra
- 7. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by gel electrophoresis.
- 8. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by HPLC techniques.
- 9. Isolation of analgesics from biological fluids (Blood serum and urine).
- 10. Protocol preparation and performance of analytical/Bioanalytical method validation.
- 11. Protocol preparation for the conduct of BA/BE studies according to guidelines.
- 12. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and creams
- 13. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packing materials
- 14. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
- 15. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
- 16. Preparation of Master Formula Record.
- 17. Preparation of Batch Manufacturing Record.
- 18. Quantitative analysis of rancidity in lipsticks and hair oil
- 19. Determination of aryl amine content and Developer in hair dye
- 20. Determination of total fatty matter in creams (Soap, skin and hair creams)
- 21. Determination of acid value and saponification value.
- 22. Determination of calcium thioglycolate in depilatories

### **Semester III**

# 17MRM301T

# Research Methodology & Biostatistics

UNIT – I 12 HRS

General Research Methodology: Research, objective, requirements, practical difficulties, review of literature, study design, types of studies, strategies to eliminate errors/bias, controls, randomization, crossover design, placebo, blinding techniques

UNIT – II 12 HRS

Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, statistical tests of significance, type of significance tests, parametric tests(students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests, analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test), null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values

UNIT – III 12 HRS

Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality, criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication, control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns, truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest, referral, vendor relationships, treatment of family members, sexual relationships, fatality.

UNIT – IV 12 HRS

CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility: Goals, veterinary care, quarantine, surveillance, diagnosis, treatment and control of disease, personal hygiene, location of animal facilities to laboratories, anesthesia, euthanasia, physical facilities, environment, animal husbandry, record keeping, SOPs, personnel and training, transport of lab animals.

UNIT – V 12 HRS

Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.